

TY Sem I

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme		B.Tech. (Information Technology)			
Class, Semester		Third Year B. Tech., Sem V			
Course Code					
Course Name		Database Engineering			
Desired Requisites:		Object-Oriented Programming Data Structures, Computer Algorithms			
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	2 Hrs/week	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Tutorial	-	20	20	60	100
Practical	-				
Interaction	-	Credits: 2			
Course Objectives					
1	To introduce basic concepts of database management systems				
2	To impart conceptual designs for databases				
3	To elaborate issues associated with transaction management				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom's Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Use the structures query language in database creation and interaction				Apply
CO2	Evaluate indexing techniques for efficient data storage and retrieval				Evaluate
CO3	Compare the concurrency control protocol on database transactions				Analyze
Module	Module Contents				Hours
I	Introduction: Database Systems, Types of Database Systems, Data abstraction, Data Models, Architecture of Database Systems.				3
II	Relational Model: Structure of Relational Databases, database schema, keys, Relational Algebra, Tuple Relational Calculus, Domain Relational Calculus Integrity Constraints and Design: Domain Constraints, Referential Integrity, Triggers, Normal forms, Functional Dependencies, Decomposition.				5
III	Query Processing: Query processing, Query Cost, measures of query cost, Evaluation of expression, Equivalence of Expressions. Structured Query Language (SQL), Unstructured Query Language (MongoDB, MariaDB, NoSQL)				5
IV	Indexing and Hashing: Ordered and secondary Indices, B+ Tree Index Files, Static Hashing, Dynamic hashing, Comparison of Indexing, Grid files, Bitmap indices.				4
V	Transactions: Properties and states, Concurrent execution, Serializability. Concurrency Control: Lock-Based Protocols, 2 phase locking protocol, Graph based protocols, Time stamp based protocols, Dead lock handling				5
VI	Crash Recovery: Failure Classification, storage Structure, Log-Based Recovery, Shadow Paging, recovery with concurrent transactions, buffer management, backups.				4
Text Books					
1	Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, and S. Sudarshan, “Database System Concepts”, McGraw-Hill Education, 6th Edition, 2010.				
2	Raghu Ramakrishnan, “Database Management Systems”, McGraw-Hill Education, 3rd Edition, 2003.				

References	
1	J.D. Ullman, “ <i>Principles of Database Systems</i> ”, Galgotia Publications, 2nd Edition, 1999
2	Wiederhold, “ <i>Database Design</i> ”, McGraw Hill Inc, 2nd Edition, 1983
3	C.J.Date, A.Kannan, S.Swamynathan, “ <i>An Introduction to Database Systems</i> ”, Pearson Education, 8th Edition, 2006.
Useful Links	
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105175/
2	http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/database-management-system.html
3	https://www.tutorialspoint.com/mongodb/mongodb_overview.htm
4	https://www.tutorialspoint.com/mariadb/mariadb_introduction.htm

CO-PO Mapping														
	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
CO1					3							1		
CO2		1			2								1	
CO3	1	2												2
The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.														

Assessment
The assessment is based on 2 in-semester examinations in the form of T1 (Test-1) and T2 (Test-2) of 20 marks each. Also there shall be 1 End-Sem examination (ESE) of 60 marks. T1 shall be typically on modules 1 and 2, T2 based typically on modules 3, 4 and ESE shall be on all modules with nearly 50% weightage on modules 1 to 4 and 50% weightage on modules 5, 6.

Assessment Plan based on Bloom's Taxonomy Level				
Bloom's Taxonomy Level	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand	5	5	10	20
Apply	10	5	15	30
Analyze	5	5	15	25
Evaluate		5	15	20
Create			5	5
Total	20	20	60	100

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme		B.Tech. (Information Technology)			
Class, Semester		Third Year B. Tech., Sem V			
Course Code					
Course Name		Operating System			
Desired Requisites:		Computer Architecture			
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	3 Hrs/week	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Tutorial	-	20	20	60	100
Practical	-				
Interaction	-	Credits: 3			
Course Objectives					
1	To introduce various system calls and system programs				
2	To elaborate operating system functionalities				
3	To comprehend the services provided by operating system				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom's Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Distinguish between different types of operating system				Understand
CO2	Illustrate the concept of process and synchronization				Apply
CO3	Analyse the deadlocks and memory management challenges in operating system				Analyse
Module	Module Contents				Hours
I	Introduction : Notion of operating systems, Computer system organization, Computer System architecture, Computer System Structure, Operating System Operations, Process Management, Memory Management, Storage Management, protection and security. System Structure: Operating system services, user operating system interface, system calls, types of system calls, system programs, operating system design and implementation, operating system structure.				5
II	Process Process Concept, Process Scheduling, Operation on process, Cooperating process, Threads, Inter-process Communication (Algorithms evaluation). Process Scheduling: Basic concept, Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling Algorithms, Multiple processor scheduling, Real time scheduling.				8
III	Inter-process Synchronization Background, Classical problems of synchronization, Critical Region, The critical section problem, Synchronization Hardware, Monitors, Semaphores.				6
IV	Deadlocks System modes, Deadlock characterization, Methods for handling deadlocks Deadlock prevention, Deadlock avoidance, Deadlock detection, Recovery from deadlock.				5
V	Memory Management Background, Logical Versus Physical Address space, Swapping Contiguous Allocation, Paging, Segmentation, Segmentation with paging. Virtual Memory: Background, Demand paging, Page replacement, Page replacement algorithms, Allocation of frames, thrashing (Only concept), Demand segmentation. Virtualization concept and case studies				8

VI	File System Management File concept, access methods, directory and disk structure, file-system mounting, file sharing, protection. Implementing File System : File system structure, file-system implementation, directory implementation, allocation methods, free-space management	6
Text Books		
1	James. L. Peterson and A. Silberchatz ,“ <i>Operating System Concepts</i> ”, Addison Westley Publication, 9th Edition,2018	
2	Milan Milenkovic ,“ <i>Operating System – Concept and Design</i> ”, TMGH,1st Edition,2001	
References		
1	William Stallings,” <i>Operating Systems : Internals and Design Principles</i> ”,Peterson Publication,7th Edition,2013	
2	Crowley Charles ,“ <i>Operating Systems : A Design-Oriented Approach</i> ”,Mc Graw Hill Publication,1 st Edition,2017	
Useful Links		
1	https://www.gatevidyalay.com/operating-system/	
2	https://www.javatpoint.com/os-tutorial	
3	https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/operating-systems/	

CO-PO Mapping														
	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
CO1												2	2	
CO2			2	3										
CO3					1									
The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.														

Assessment
The assessment is based on 2 in-semester examinations in the form of T1 (Test-1) and T2 (Test-2) of 20 marks each. Also there shall be 1 End-Sem examination (ESE) of 60 marks. T1 shall be typically on modules 1 and 2, T2 based typically on modules 3, 4 and ESE shall be on all modules with nearly 50% weightage on modules 1 to 4 and 50% weightage on modules 5, 6.

Assessment Plan based on Bloom’s Taxonomy Level				
Bloom’s Taxonomy Level	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand	5	5	10	20
Apply	10	5	15	30
Analyze	5	5	15	25
Evaluate		5	15	20
Create			5	5
Total	20	20	60	100

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme		B.Tech. (Information Technology)			
Class, Semester		Third Year B. Tech., Sem V			
Course Code					
Course Name		Computer Algorithm			
Desired Requisites:		Data Structures			
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	2 Hrs/week	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Tutorial	1 Hr/week	20	20	60	100
Practical	-				
Interaction	-	Credits: 3			
Course Objectives					
1	To introduce the concept of algorithm and its complexity				
2	To define various algorithms to solve problems				
3	To comprehend different problem levels in computer application				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom’s Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Apply appropriate algorithm for solving the problem				Apply
CO2	Compare complexity of algorithms in engineering problem				Analyze
CO3	Design dynamic programming for algorithm for a given problem				Create
Module	Module Contents				Hours
I	Introduction: Design and Analysis of Algorithm Greedy Algorithms: Knapsack problem, Huffman codes, Dynamic Programming: Matrix-chain multiplication, Longest common sub-sequence.				5
II	Principles of parallel algorithm design: Preliminaries, Decomposition techniques, characteristics of task and interaction, Mapping techniques, overhead, parallel algorithm model Programming using MPI: MPI basics, send, receive, overlapping computation and communication, collective communication				5
III	All-Pairs Shortest Paths (APSP) and Maxflow Shortest paths and matrix multiplication, The Floyd-Warshall algorithm, Flow Networks, Ford Fulkerson method, Maximum Bipartite matching				4
IV	Single-Source Shortest Path (SSSP) Shortest paths and relaxation, Bellman-Ford algorithm, Single-source shortest paths in directed Acyclic graphs, Topological sort, Dijkstra’s algorithm				4
V	String Matching: The Rabin-Karp algorithm, Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm. Computational Geometry: Determining whether any pair of segments intersects, Finding the convex hull, Finding the closest pair of points.				4
VI	Complexity class and Approximation Algorithm NP-Completeness: NP completeness and reducibility, NP-complete problem. Approximation Algorithms: The vertex-cover problem, The travelling-salesman problem, The set-covering problem				4
Text Books					

1	Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson and Ronald L. Rivest, “ <i>Introduction to Algorithms</i> ”, Third Edition the MIT Press Cambridge, London, England, 2009
2	Anath Grama, Anshul Gupta, George Karypis, Vipin Kumar, “ <i>Introduction to parallel computing</i> ”, Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2003 (For module IV)
References	
1	Horowitz, Sahni Rajasekaran, “ <i>Computer Algorithms</i> ”, Computer Science, W. H. Freeman and company Press, New York, 1997
2	
Useful Links	
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/104/106104019/
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101060/

CO-PO Mapping														
	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
CO1					3							1		
CO2		1			2								1	
CO3	1	2												2
The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.														

Assessment
The assessment is based on 2 in-semester examinations in the form of T1 (Test-1) and T2 (Test-2) of 20 marks each. Also there shall be 1 End-Sem examination (ESE) of 60 marks. T1 shall be typically on modules 1 and 2, T2 based typically on modules 3, 4 and ESE shall be on all modules with nearly 50% weightage on modules 1 to 4 and 50% weightage on modules 5, 6.

Assessment Plan based on Bloom's Taxonomy Level				
Bloom's Taxonomy Level	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand	5	5	10	20
Apply	10	5	15	30
Analyze	5	5	15	25
Evaluate		5	15	20
Create			5	5
Total	20	20	60	100

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme		B.Tech. (Information Technology)			
Class, Semester		Third Year B. Tech., Sem V			
Course Code					
Course Name		Database Engineering Lab			
Desired Requisites:		Object-Oriented Programming, Data Structures, Computer Algorithms			
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	-	LA1	LA2	ESE	Total
Tutorial	-	30	30	40	100
Practical	2 Hrs/Week				
Interaction	-	Credits: 1			
Course Objectives					
1	To introduce ER diagram for database system representation				
2	To define basic and advanced SQL queries for Relational database systems.				
3	To compare various transaction management protocols				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom's Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Illustrate relational database system in the form of ER diagram				Apply
CO2	Implement basic and advanced SQL Query on databases				Apply
CO3	Evaluate transaction processing and recovery mechanisms in database management system				Evaluate
List of Experiments / Lab Activities					
List of Experiments:					
1. Implement SELECT and PROJECT operation Assignment, Implement INSERT, DELETE and UPDATE operation database					
2. Perform String operations and Aggregate functions on database					
3. Perform Inner and Outer Join operations on database Assignment, Domain constraints & Referential Integrity Assignment					
4. Program for sparse index and dense index Assignment					
5. Program for static hashing Assignment, Program for Dynamic hashing Assignment					
6. Program for log based protocol for transaction Assignment					
7. Implementation of JDBC/ODBC driver for database connectivity					
8. Program for Time Stamp protocol for transaction Assignment					
9. Program for Deadlock Detection Assignment					
10. perform CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete) operations on MongoDB databases					
11. filtering for data efficiently on MongoDB databases					
12. Working with command prompts and create database and tables on MariaDB.					
13. Perform CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete) operations on MariaDB.					
Text Books					
1	Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, and S. Sudarshan, “Database System Concepts”, McGraw-Hill Education, 6th Edition, 2010.				
2	Raghu Ramakrishnan, “Database Management Systems”, McGraw-Hill Education, 3rd Edition, 2003.				
References					
1	J.D. Ullman, “Principles of Database Systems”, Galgotia Publications, 2nd Edition, 1999				

2	Wiederhold, “Database Design”, McGraw Hill Inc, 2nd Edition, 1983
3	C.J.Date, A.Kannan, S.Swamynathan, “An Introduction to Database Systems”, Pearson Education, 8th Edition, 2006.
Useful Links	
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105175/
2	http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/database-management-system.html

CO-PO Mapping														
	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
CO1	1	2			2						2	1		
CO2		2			2						3	2	1	
CO3					2						2	3		1
The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.														

Assessment				
There are three components of lab assessment, LA1, LA2 and Lab ESE. IMP: Lab ESE is a separate head of passing. LA1, LA2 together is treated as In-Semester Evaluation.				
Assessment	Based on	Conducted by	Typical Schedule (for 26-week Sem)	Marks
LA1	Lab activities, attendance, journal	Lab Course Faculty	During Week 1 to Week 6 Marks Submission at the end of Week 6	30
LA2	Lab activities, attendance, journal	Lab Course Faculty	During Week 7 to Week 12 Marks Submission at the end of Week 12	30
Lab ESE	Lab activities, attendance, journal	Lab Course Faculty	During Week 15 to Week 18 Marks Submission at the end of Week 18	40
Week 1 indicates starting week of a semester. The typical schedule of lab assessments is shown, considering a 26-week semester. The actual schedule shall be as per academic calendar. Lab activities/Lab performance shall include performing experiments, mini-project, presentations, drawings, programming and other suitable activities, as per the nature and requirement of the lab course. The experimental lab shall have typically 8-10 experiments.				

Assessment
The assessment is based on 2 in-semester examinations in the form of T1 (Test-1) and T2 (Test-2) of 20 marks each. Also there shall be 1 End-Sem examination (ESE) of 60 marks. T1 shall be typically on modules 1 and 2, T2 based typically on modules 3, 4 and ESE shall be on all modules with nearly 50% weightage on modules 1 to 4 and 50% weightage on modules 5, 6.

Assessment Plan based on Bloom’s Taxonomy Level				
Bloom’s Taxonomy Level	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand	5	5	10	20
Apply	10	5	15	30
Analyze	5	5	15	25
Evaluate		5	15	20
Create			5	5
Total	20	20	60	100

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme	B.Tech. (Information Technology)				
Class, Semester	Third Year B. Tech., Sem V				
Course Code					
Course Name	Mini Project - 2				
Desired Requisites:	Java programming				
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	-	LA1	LA2	Lab ESE	Total
Tutorial	-	30	30	40	100
Practical	2 Hrs/Week				
Interaction	-	Credits: 1			
Course Objectives					
1	To provide guidance to select & build the ideas				
2	To find real-world challenges by IT based Solution				
3	To inculcate team spirit in students by project management				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom's Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Implement the software application using trending/specified programming language/technology				Apply
CO2	Identify the real world problems & apply software engineering practices				Analyze
CO3	Design software application and project report for submission				Create
List of Experiments / Lab Activities					
List of Experiments:					
Mini-project is to be carried out in a group of maximum 5 to 6 students. Each group will carry out a mini-project by developing any application software based on the following areas. 1. Design and develop application using any one or more programming languages: Java with concepts swing, AWS, threading, APIs, etc. 2. Industry based problem / Sponsored application /Game/ Interdisciplinary application /socially useful application / Problem solving of previously learned complex concepts. 3. Project group should achieve all the proposed objectives of the problem statement. 4. The work should be completed in all aspects of design, implementation and testing and follow software engineering practices. 5. Project reports should be prepared and submitted in soft and hard form along with the code and other dependency documents. Preferable use online code repositories (github/bitbucket) 6. Project will be evaluated continuously by the guide/panel as per assessment plan. 7. Presentation and report should use standard templates provided by department. Project report (pre-defined template) should be prepared using Latex/Word and submitted along with soft copy on CD/DVD (with code, PPT, PDF, Text report document & reference material) or on an online repository. Students should maintain a project log book containing weekly progress of the project.					

Text Books	
1	Rajendra Kumbhar , “How to Write Project Reports, Ph. D. Thesis and Research Articles”, Universal Prakashan, 2015
2	Marilyn Deegan, “ Academic Book of the Future Project Report”, A Report to the AHRC & the British Library, 2017
References	
1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0oSDa2kf5I8 (report writing)
2	
Useful Links	
1	https://pats.cs.cf.ac.uk/wiki/lib/exe/fetch.php?media=project-report.pdf
2	http://users.iems.northwestern.edu/~hazen/Writing%20Project%20Reports%202004a.pdf
3	https://www.upgrad.com/blog/java-project-ideas-topics-for-beginners/
4	https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/computer-science-projects/

CO-PO Mapping														
	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
CO1		1			2							3		
CO2										2			2	
CO3							3				2			1

The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High
Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.

Assessment				
There are three components of lab assessment, LA1, LA2 and Lab ESE. IMP: Lab ESE is a separate head of passing. LA1, LA2 together is treated as In-Semester Evaluation.				
Assessment	Based on	Conducted by	Typical Schedule (for 26-week Sem)	Marks
LA1	Lab activities, attendance, journal	Lab Course Faculty	During Week 1 to Week 6 Marks Submission at the end of Week 6	30
LA2	Lab activities, attendance, journal	Lab Course Faculty	During Week 7 to Week 12 Marks Submission at the end of Week 12	30
Lab ESE	Lab activities, attendance, journal	Lab Course Faculty	During Week 15 to Week 18 Marks Submission at the end of Week 18	40

Week 1 indicates starting week of a semester. The typical schedule of lab assessments is shown, considering a 26-week semester. The actual schedule shall be as per academic calendar. Lab activities/Lab performance shall include performing experiments, mini-project, presentations, drawings, programming and other suitable activities, as per the nature and requirement of the lab course. The experimental lab shall have typically 8-10 experiments.

Assessment Plan based on Bloom's Taxonomy Level (Marks) (For lab Courses)				
Bloom's Taxonomy Level	LA1	LA2	Lab ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand				
Apply	15	10	10	35
Analyze	5	10	5	20
Evaluate	5	5	10	20
Create	5	5	15	25
Total Marks	30	30	40	100

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme		B.Tech. (Information Technology)			
Class, Semester		Third Year B. Tech., Sem V			
Course Code					
Course Name		Mini Project - 3			
Desired Requisites:		Android programming			
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	-	LA1	LA2	Lab ESE	Total
Tutorial	-	30	30	40	100
Practical	2 Hrs/Week				
Interaction	-	Credits: 1			
Course Objectives					
1	To provide guidance to select ideas in mobile application development				
2	To find real-world challenges by IT based Solution				
3	To build the soft skills of student to work in team.				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom's Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Implement the mobile application using trending/specified programming language/technology				Apply
CO2	Identify the real world problems & apply software engineering practices				Analyze
CO3	Design software application and detailed project report for submission				Create
List of Experiments / Lab Activities					
List of Experiments:					
Mini-project is to be carried out in a group of maximum 5 to 6 students. Each group will carry out a mini-project by developing any application software based on the following areas. <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Design and develop mobile application using any scripting language with android studios (Kotlin, Java, etc) (Flutter/Eclipse/ android studio/etc.)2. Industry based problem / Sponsored application /Game/ Interdisciplinary application /socially useful application / Problem solving of previously learned complex concepts.3. Project group should achieve all the proposed objectives of the problem statement.4. The work should be completed in all aspects of design, implementation and testing and follow software engineering practices.5. Project reports should be prepared and submitted in soft and hard form along with the code and other dependency documents. Preferable use online code repositories (github/bitbucket)6. Project will be evaluated continuously by the guide/panel as per assessment plan.7. Presentation and report should use standard templates provided by department. Project report (pre-defined template) should be prepared using Latex/Word and submitted along with soft copy on CD/DVD (with code, PPT, PDF, Text report document & reference material) or on an online repository. Students should maintain a project log book containing weekly progress of the project.					
Text Books					
1	Rajendra Kumbhar , “How to Write Project Reports, Ph. D. Thesis and Research Articles”, Universal Prakashan, 2015				
2	Marilyn Deegan, “ Academic Book of the Future Project Report”, A Report to the AHRC & the British Library, 2017				

References	
1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0oSDa2kf5I8 (report writing)
Useful Links	
1	https://pats.cs.cf.ac.uk/wiki/lib/exe/fetch.php?media=project-report.pdf
2	http://users.iems.northwestern.edu/~hazen/Writing%20Project%20Reports%202004a.pdf
3	https://www.upgrad.com/blog/java-project-ideas-topics-for-beginners/
4	https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/computer-science-projects/

CO-PO Mapping														
	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
CO1		1			2							3		
CO2										2			2	
CO3							3				2			1
The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.														

Assessment				
There are three components of lab assessment, LA1, LA2 and Lab ESE. IMP: Lab ESE is a separate head of passing. LA1, LA2 together is treated as In-Semester Evaluation.				
Assessment	Based on	Conducted by	Typical Schedule (for 26-week Sem)	Marks
LA1	Lab activities, attendance, journal	Lab Course Faculty	During Week 1 to Week 6 Marks Submission at the end of Week 6	30
LA2	Lab activities, attendance, journal	Lab Course Faculty	During Week 7 to Week 12 Marks Submission at the end of Week 12	30
Lab ESE	Lab activities, attendance, journal	Lab Course Faculty	During Week 15 to Week 18 Marks Submission at the end of Week 18	40
Week 1 indicates starting week of a semester. The typical schedule of lab assessments is shown, considering a 26-week semester. The actual schedule shall be as per academic calendar. Lab activities/Lab performance shall include performing experiments, mini-project, presentations, drawings, programming and other suitable activities, as per the nature and requirement of the lab course. The experimental lab shall have typically 8-10 experiments.				

Assessment Plan based on Bloom's Taxonomy Level (Marks) (For lab Courses)				
Bloom's Taxonomy Level	LA1	LA2	Lab ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand				
Apply	15	10	10	35
Analyze	5	10	5	20
Evaluate	5	5	10	20
Create	5	5	15	25
Total Marks	30	30	40	100

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme		B.Tech. (Information Technology)			
Class, Semester		Third Year B. Tech., Sem V			
Course Code					
Course Name		Professional Elective 1: Distributed Computing			
Desired Requisites:					
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	3 Hrs/week	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Tutorial	-	20	20	60	100
Practical	-				
Interaction	-	Credits: 3			
Course Objectives					
1	To introduce the various aspects of modern distributed systems.				
2	To elaborate distributed architecture, synchronization, consistency and replication, fault tolerance, security, and distributed file systems				
3	To explain the contemporary knowledge in parallel and distributed computing				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom’s Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Comprehend the fundamentals of various big data analytics techniques				Understand
CO2	Distinguish the various approach to implement distributed environment				Analyze
CO3	Evaluate the reliability and performance of various algorithms of distributed system				Evaluate
Module	Module Contents				Hours
I	Introduction to Distributed Systems: Task Creation and Termination (Async, Finish), Tasks in Java's Fork/Join Framework, Computation Graphs, Work, Span, Multiprocessor Scheduling				6
II	Distributed System with Parallelism: Parallel Speedup , Amdahl's Law,Reciprocal ArraySum using Async-Finish, ReciprocalArraySum using RecursiveAction's in Java's Fork/Join Framework				7
III	Functional Parallelism: Futures: Tasks with Return Value, Futures in Java's Fork/Join Framework, Memoization, Java Streams, Data Races and Determinism				6
IV	Data flow Synchronization and Pipelining: Split-phase Barriers with Java Phasers, Point-to-Point Synchronization with Phasers, One-Dimensional Iterative Averaging with Phasers, Pipeline Parallelism, Data Flow Parallelism				7
V	Distributed Map Reduce: Introduction to Map-Reduce, Hadoop Framework, Spark Framework, TF-IDF Example, Page Rank Example, Demonstration: Page Rank Algorithm in Spark				7
VI	Client-Server Programming: Introduction to Sockets, Serialization/Deserialization, Remote Method Invocation, Multicast Sockets, Publish-Subscribe Mode, Demonstration: File Server using Sockets				6
Text Books					
1	Andrew S. Tanenbaum and Maarten Van Steen, “Distributed Systems: Principles and Paradigms”. 2 nd edition. Pearson Education, 2007.				

2	George Coulouris, Jean Dollimore, Tim Kindberg, , “ <i>Distributed Systems: Concepts and Design</i> ”, 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.
References	
1	A. S. Tanenbaum and M. V. Steen, “ <i>Distributed Systems: Principles and Paradigms</i> ”, Second Edition, Prentice Hall, 2006
Useful Links	
1	Module I, II, III, IV https://www.coursera.org/learn/parallel-programming-in-java?specialization=pcdp#syllabus Module V, VI https://www.coursera.org/learn/distributed-programming-in-java?specialization=pcdp#syllabus

CO-PO Mapping															
	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	
CO1	3		1					1					2		
CO2		1													
CO3	2											1		1	
The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.															

Assessment
The assessment is based on 2 in-semester examinations in the form of T1 (Test-1) and T2 (Test-2) of 20 marks each. Also there shall be 1 End-Sem examination (ESE) of 60 marks. T1 shall be typically on modules 1 and 2, T2 based typically on modules 3, 4 and ESE shall be on all modules with nearly 50% weightage on modules 1 to 4 and 50% weightage on modules 5, 6.

Assessment Plan based on Bloom’s Taxonomy Level				
Bloom’s Taxonomy Level	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand				
Apply	5	10	5	20
Analyze	5	5	10	20
Evaluate	5	5	15	25
Create	15	10	10	35
Total	20	20	60	100

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme		B.Tech. (Information Technology)			
Class, Semester		Third Year B. Tech., Sem V			
Course Code					
Course Name		Professional Elective 1:Advanced Programming Languages			
Desired Requisites:		C & CPP Programming			
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	3 Hrs/week	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Tutorial	-	20	20	60	100
Practical	-				
Interaction	-	Credits: 3			
Course Objectives					
1	To introduce paradigm of Ruby and Go Programming Language				
2	To define features of Ruby for file handling and error handling				
3	To elaborate features of Go language for process synchronization				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom's Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Apply object oriented programming concepts using Ruby				Apply
CO2	Implement the concept of File handling using Ruby and Go language				Apply
CO3	Propose the solution for Synchronization problem using Go Language				Create
Module	Module Contents				Hours
I	Introduction to Ruby Programming Brief history of Ruby, Installing & running Ruby, Command Line Arguments, Numbers, Text & Strings, Arrays & Hashes, Symbols, Expressions (True, False, Nil) Classes, Modules & Objects: Objects, Classes, Variables				7
II	Flow Control & Statements and Properties Conditionals, Loops, Error & Exception Handling, Threads & Fibers Classes, Modules & Objects : Simple Ruby Classes, Object Instances, Attributes, Inheritance, Persistence Methods, Attributes & Variables: Setter & Getter methods, Method Visibility (Access Control), Instance Variables				7
III	Meta- programming & File Handling: Meta-programming :Exceptions, Types, Modules & Classes, Blocks & Strings, Variables, Missing Methods & Constants, Custom Structures, Dynamically adding methods, Threads, I/O Objects, Reading file, writing file.				6
IV	Introduction to Go Language Introduction, Program Structure: names, declaration, variables, assignments, types, files, scope, number, string variables, arrays, slice				6
V	Data Types and operations: Basic data types, composite data types, functions, control statements, methods, interface, pointers, structs				6
VI	Concurrency with Shared variables: Race condition, mutual exclusion, memory synchronization ,package implementation				7
Text Books					
1	Davd Flanagan, Yukihiro Mataumoto, “The Ruby Programming Language: Everything You Need to Know”, O'Reilly; 1st edition (12 February 2008)				
2	Alan A. A. Donovan, Brian W. Kernighan, “The Go Programming Language”, Pearson Education; First edition (1 February 2016)				

References	
1	Yukihiro Matsumoto, David Flanagan , “ <i>The Ruby Programming Language</i> ”, Shroff, 1 st Edition, 2008.
2	Caleb Doxsey, “ <i>An Introduction to Programming in Go</i> ”, CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform (3 September 2012)
Useful Links	
1	https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/aic20_sp37/preview
2	https://www.javatpoint.com/ruby-tutorial
3	https://www.ruby-lang.org/en/documentation/quickstart/
4	https://gobyexample.com/
5	https://www.javatpoint.com/go-tutorial
6	https://www.coursera.org/specializations/google-golang

CO-PO Mapping														
	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
CO1				2										
CO2		2			3								2	
CO3			3		3								2	1
The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.														

Assessment
The assessment is based on 2 in-semester examinations in the form of T1 (Test-1) and T2 (Test-2) of 20 marks each. Also there shall be 1 End-Sem examination (ESE) of 60 marks. T1 shall be typically on modules 1 and 2, T2 based typically on modules 3, 4 and ESE shall be on all modules with nearly 50% weightage on modules 1 to 4 and 50% weightage on modules 5, 6.

Assessment Plan based on Bloom’s Taxonomy Level				
Bloom’s Taxonomy Level	T1	T2	Lab ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand	5	5	10	20
Apply	10	5	15	30
Analyze	5	5	15	25
Evaluate		5	15	20
Create			5	5
Total	20	20	60	100

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme		B.Tech. Information Technology			
Class, Semester		Third Year B. Tech., Sem V			
Course Code					
Course Name		Professional Elective 1: Graph Theory			
Desired Requisites:					
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	3 Hrs/week	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Tutorial	-	20	20	60	100
Practical	-				
Interaction	-	Credits: 3			
Course Objectives					
1	To provide basics of graph theory				
2	To illustrate various properties of graph in concern with applications				
3	To compare the various algorithm and applications of graph theory				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom's Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Summarize the basic concepts of graphs, circuits and trees				Understand
CO2	Apply matrix operations of graphs on real-time application				Analyze
CO3	Design graphs for independent research				Create
Module	Module Contents				Hours
I	Introduction to Graphs, Paths and Trees: Introduction to graphs, Basic properties of graphs, Complete and bi-partite graphs, Isomorphism of graphs, Paths and circuits				6
II	Cut Set and Planar Graph: Cut sets, connectivity and separability, network flows, isomorphism, Planner graphs, Kuratowski's two graphs, representation of planner graphs, detection of Planarity, Vertex Colouring of graphs, Edge Colouring of graphs, The four-colour and five-colour theorems				7
III	Weighted Graph and Matrix representation: Eulerian Graphs, Hamiltonian cycles, Matrix representation of graphs, Chordal graphs, Weighted graphs, Matching's in graphs, Hall's 'marriage' theorem and its application				6
IV	Graph Algorithm: Travelling salesman's problem & Chinese postman problem, Distances in graphs, Shortest path and Dijkstra's algorithm, Floyd – Warshall Algorithm, Bellman-Ford Algorithm				7
V	Spanning Tree: Trees, Spanning tree in graphs, Minimum spanning tree algorithms, Kruskal's algorithm, Independence sets and covering in graphs				7
VI	Applications of Graph Thoery: Perfect Graphs, Applications of graphs in switching theory, Directed Graphs (or Digraphs)				6
Text Books					
1	Deo Narsing , "Graph Theory With Applications To Engineering And Computer Science", 2 nd Edition, PHI Publication, 2011				
2	Wilson Robin J, "Introduction to Graph Theory", 5th Edition, Longman Publication", 2012				

References	
1	Parthasarathy K. R., " <i>Basic Graph Theory</i> ", McGraw-Hill Professional Publishing, 3 rd Edition, 1994
Useful Links	
1	Module I, II, III, IV, V, VI https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/cec20_ma03/preview

CO-PO Mapping															
	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	3		1										2		
CO2			2												
CO3	2													1	
The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.															

Assessment
The assessment is based on 2 in-semester examinations in the form of T1 (Test-1) and T2 (Test-2) of 20 marks each. Also there shall be 1 End-Sem examination (ESE) of 60 marks. T1 shall be typically on modules 1 and 2, T2 based typically on modules 3, 4 and ESE shall be on all modules with nearly 50% weightage on modules 1 to 4 and 50% weightage on modules 5, 6.

Assessment Plan based on Bloom's Taxonomy Level				
Bloom's Taxonomy Level	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand	5	5	10	20
Apply	10	5	15	30
Analyze	5	5	15	25
Evaluate		5	15	20
Create			5	5
Total	20	20	60	100

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme		B.Tech. (Information Technology)			
Class, Semester		Third Year B. Tech., Sem V			
Course Code					
Course Name		Professional Elective – 1: Fundamentals of Artificial Intelligence			
Desired Requisites:		Basic Course in Probability and Linear Algebra			
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	3 Hrs/week	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Tutorial	-	20	20	60	100
Practical	-				
Interaction	-	Credits: 3			
Course Objectives					
1	To introduce the concepts and techniques in Artificial Intelligence				
2	To impart methodologies for various application areas of Artificial Intelligence				
3	To elaborate state of the art applications in Artificial Intelligence				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom’s Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Apply fundamental concepts of Artificial Intelligence				Apply
CO2	Compare the architectural and functional structures of Artificial Intelligence				Analyse
CO3	Build an expert system in Artificial Intelligence				Create
Module	Module Contents				Hours
I	AI and Problem Solving by Search Introduction to AI, Problem solving as state space search, Uninformed search, Heuristic search, CSP problems				7
II	Knowledge Representation Introduction, to Knowledge representation, First order logic-I				7
III	Knowledge Reasoning First order logic-II, Inference in First order logic-I, Baysian network, decision network				6
IV	Planning Introduction to Planning, Plan space planning, Planning graph and Graphplan				6
V	Machine Learning Introduction to ML , Learning decision tress, Reinforcement learning, Learning in neural network, Deep Learning: A review.				7
VI	Expert systems Introduction, Functionality /components of Expert systems, Architecture of ES, Building an Expert system				6
Text Books					
1	Rich Elaine and Kelvin Knight ,Nair, “ Artificial Intelligence”, McGraw Hills 3 rd edition,1991				
2	Janakiraman et al., “Foundations of Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems”, Macmilan India Ltd.,2007.				
References					
1	Russell and Norvig,” Artificial Intelligence – A Modern Approach”, Prentice-Hall, 2010 (3rd edition).				
2	Prof. Shyamanta M Hazarika “ Fundamentals Of Artificial Intelligence” (NPTEL/Swayam Course)				
Useful Links					

1	Module I,II,III https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_me71/unit?unit=7&lesson=8														
2	Module IV,V https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_me71/unit?unit=16&lesson=17														
3	Module VI Vlabs,iitb.ac.in														
CO-PO Mapping															
	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	1		2										2		
CO2			3												
CO3	2													3	
The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.															

Assessment
The assessment is based on 2 in-semester examinations in the form of T1 (Test-1) and T2 (Test-2) of 20 marks each. Also there shall be 1 End-Sem examination (ESE) of 60 marks. T1 shall be typically on modules 1 and 2, T2 based typically on modules 3, 4 and ESE shall be on all modules with nearly 50% weightage on modules 1 to 4 and 50% weightage on modules 5, 6.

Assessment Plan based on Bloom's Taxonomy Level				
Bloom's Taxonomy Level	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand	5	5	10	20
Apply	10	5	15	30
Analyze	5	5	15	25
Evaluate		5	15	20
Create			5	5
Total	20	20	60	100

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme		B.Tech. (Information Technology)			
Class, Semester		Third Year B. Tech., Sem V			
Course Code					
Course Name		Professional Elective - 1: Soft Computing			
Desired Requisites:		Artificial Intelligence, Tool like Matlab/Scilab			
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	3 Hrs/week	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Tutorial	-	20	20	60	100
Practical	-				
Interaction	-	Credits: 3			
Course Objectives					
1	To introduce various component of soft computing.				
2	To impart soft computing concepts to solve engineering and optimization problems.				
3	To familiarize with the swarm intelligence methods				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom's Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Classify hard and soft computing concepts				Analyze
CO2	Compare the working of swarm intelligence methods				Analyze
CO3	Justify the soft computing technique for given problem				Evaluate
Module	Module Contents				Hours
I	Introduction History, Scope of Soft Computing, components of Soft Computing- Neural Networks, Application scope of ANN, Fuzzy Logic, Genetic algorithm, Swarm Intelligence, Hybrid System, Hard vs. Soft Computing.				5
II	Artificial Neural Network (ANN) Fundamental Concept, Evolution of Neural network, Basic models of ANN, important terminologies of ANN, Mc-Culloch Pitts Neuron, Linear separability, AND,OR, EXOR problem solving by ANN, Supervised Learning, Unsupervised Learning, Application to ANN to real world problem.				4
III	Genetic Algorithms (GA) Introduction, basic operators and Terminologies in GA, Genetic operators – Selection, crossover, reproduction and mutation – fitness function, traditional vs. Genetic algorithm, simple genetic algorithm, general genetic algorithm, the schema theorem, classification of GA, Genetic programming. Application to GA to real world problem.				4
IV	Introduction to classical set and fuzzy sets Introduction, Classical set (crisp set) Fuzzy sets and their properties, Fuzzy models, Membership function, Defuzzification. Application to Fuzzy logic to real world problem.				4
V	Swarm Intelligence (SI) Ant colony optimization (ACO), Particle Swarm Optimization (PSO), Harmony search (HS), Artificial Bee Colony algorithm (ABC), Teaching Learning Based Optimization Algorithm (TLBO).				4
VI	Applications of soft computing Hybrid System, optimization using GA/ANN/SI, Application of soft computing in multiple disciplines, Function Optimization.				5
Text Books					

1	Jyh-Shing Roger Jang, Chuen-Tsai Sun, and Eiji Mizutani " <i>Neuro Fuzzy and Soft computing: A Computational Approach to Learning and Machine Intelligence</i> ", Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1986.
2	Goldberg, David E, " <i>Genetic Algorithms in Search, Optimization and Machine Learning</i> ", Addison Wesley, New Delhi, 1989.
3	Sivanandam S N and Deepa S N, " <i>Principles of Soft computing</i> ", Wiley India Edition., 2008.
References	
1	Timothy J. Ross, " <i>Fuzzy Logic with Engineering Application</i> ", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2004.
2	Robert J Schalkff, " <i>Artificial Neural Networks</i> ", McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1997.
3	Sivanandam S N and Deepa S N, " <i>Introduction to Genetic algorithms</i> ", Springer Verlag, Heidelberg, 2008.
Useful Links	
1	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_cs11/preview (Week no 1,2,3,4,5,8) Or https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105173/ (Week no 1,2,3,4,5,8)
2	https://www.urbanpro.com/online-class/cs-302-new-soft-computing/1794165

CO-PO Mapping														
	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
CO1	2													
CO2		2		2										
CO3					3									1
The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.														

Assessment
The assessment is based on 2 in-semester examinations in the form of T1 (Test-1) and T2 (Test-2) of 20 marks each. Also there shall be 1 End-Sem examination (ESE) of 60 marks. T1 shall be typically on modules 1 and 2, T2 based typically on modules 3, 4 and ESE shall be on all modules with nearly 50% weightage on modules 1 to 4 and 50% weightage on modules 5, 6.

Assessment Plan based on Bloom's Taxonomy Level				
Bloom's Taxonomy Level	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand	5	5	10	20
Apply	10	5	15	30
Analyze	5	5	15	25
Evaluate		5	15	20
Create			5	5
Total	20	20	60	100

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme		B. Tech. (Information Technology)			
Class, Semester		Third Year B. Tech., Sem. V			
Course Code					
Course Name		Professional Elective - 1:Data Management, Protection and Governance			
Desired Requisites:					
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	3 Hrs/week	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Tutorial	-	20	20	60	100
Practical	-				
Interaction	-	Credits: 3			
Course Objectives					
1	To introduce high-level phases of data life cycle management				
2	To compare various aspects of data storage, data availability, data protection.				
3	To provide exposure to various solutions/reference architectures data protection				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom's Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Apply different standards for compliance and governance of data				Apply
CO2	Distinguish various types of data threats to ensure data center security				Analyze
CO3	Design data intensive enterprise applications and industry standards in data management				Create
Module	Module Contents				Hours
I	Introduction to data life cycle management (DLM) Goals of data life cycle management, Challenges involved- Volume of data source, Ubiquity of data locations, User demand for access, Stages of data life cycle – creation, storage, usage, archival, destruction, Risks involved without DLM, benefits, best practices				4
II	Data storage and data availability Storage technology: Hard Disk Device (HDD), Solid State Devices (SSD), memory devices, Data access - block, files, object, Data center End to End View – overview of complete stack including storage, network, host, cluster, applications, virtual machines, cloud storage, Storage virtualization technologies - RAID level, storage pooling, storage provisioning, Advance topics in storage virtualization – storage provisioning, thinprovisioning, Cloud storage – S3, glacier, storage tiering, High Availability-Introduction to high availability, clustering, failover, parallel access, Disaster Recovery - Need of disaster recovery, Building blocks - global cluster, wide-area-connector (WAC), heartbeat, Split-brain – problem and solutions o Preparing for DR – firedrill				8
III	Introduction to data protection Introduction-Need for data protection, basic of back-up/restore, Snapshots for data protection, copy-data management (cloning, DevOps), De-duplication, Replication, Long Term Retention – LTR, Archival, Design considerations-System recovery, Solution architecture, Backup v/s Archival, media considerations and management (tapes, disks, cloud), challenges with new edge technology (cloud, containers)				8

IV	Data Threats and Data center security Type of Threats-Denial of Service (DoS), man in the middle attacks, Unintentional data loss, Repudiation, Malicious attacks to steal data, Understanding, Identification and Threat modelling tools, Introduction to Ransomware, Security- Authorization and authentication - access control, Transport Layer Security (TLS), key management, security in cloud, Design and architecture considerations for security	7
V	Data regulation, compliance and governance Regulations requirements and Privacy Regulations-General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), The Health Insurance Portability and Privacy Act of 1996 (HIPPA), PII (Personal Identity Information), Information Governance-Auditing, Legal Hold, Data classification and tagging (Natural Language Processing)	5
VI	Applications uninterrupted Understand data management aspects of traditional and new edge applications, Reference architecture/best practices (pick 2-3 case studies from below topics)- Transactional Databases (Oracle, MySQL, DB2), NoSQL Databases (MongoDB, Cassandra), Distributed applications (micro service architectures), Cloud applications – Platform as Service (PaaS), Software as Service (SaaS), Kubernetes, Multi-Tiered applications, ETL workloads, Data analytics (AI/ML)	7

Text Books

1	Robert Spalding, “Storage Networks: The complete Reference” Tata McGraw-Hill, 2017
2	Vic (J.R.) Winkler, “Securing The Cloud: Cloud Computing Security Techniques and Tactics” (Syngress/Elsevier) - 978-1-59749-592-9, 2017
3	TBD – online reference for each topic.

References

1	O’Reilly, Martin Kleppmann, “Designing Data-Intensive Applications ” 2012
2	TBD: provide more online material details and books (This can include some publicly available white-paper, solution guides etc.)

Useful Links

1	https://www.enterprisestorageforum.com/storage-hardware/storage-virtualization.html
	https://searchstorage.techtarget.com/definition/data-life-cycle-management
	https://www.hitechnectar.com/blogs/three-goals-data-lifecycle-management/
2	https://www.bmc.com/blogs/data-lifecycle-management/

CO-PO Mapping

	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	3												3		
CO2	3	2												3	
CO3		3													

The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High
Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.

Assessment

The assessment is based on 2 in-semester examinations in the form of T1 (Test-1) and T2 (Test-2) of 20 marks each. Also there shall be 1 End-Sem examination (ESE) of 60 marks. T1 shall be typically on modules 1 and 2, T2 based typically on modules 3, 4 and ESE shall be on all modules with nearly 50% weightage on modules 1 to 4 and 50% weightage on modules 5, 6.

Assessment Plan based on Bloom's Taxonomy Level (Marks)				
Bloom's Taxonomy Level	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand	5	5	10	20
Apply	10	5	15	30
Analyze	5	5	15	25
Evaluate		5	15	20
Create			5	5
Total	20	20	60	100

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme		B.Tech. (Information Technology)			
Class, Semester		Third Year B. Tech., Sem V			
Course Code					
Course Name		Open Elective - 1: Joy of Programming using Python			
Desired Requisites:		Computer Programming			
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	2 Hrs/week	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Tutorial	-	20	20	60	100
Practical	-				
Interaction	-	Credits: 2			
Course Objectives					
1	To introduce the significance of Python in programming				
2	To compare various programming paradigms in Python				
3	To implement different libraries of Python				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom’s Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Implement the programming concepts in Python				Apply
CO2	Examine the data using python programming libraries				Evaluate
CO3	Design application using Python libraries				Create
Module	Module Contents				Hours
I	Introduction to Python: The basic elements of python, Branching Programs, Control Structures, Strings and Input, Iteration, Functions and scoping, Specifications, Recursion, Global variables.				4
II	Advanced features of Python: Modules, Files, System Functions and Parameters, Strings, Tuples, Lists and Dictionaries, Lists and Mutability, Functions as Objects.				5
III	Classes and Object-Oriented Programming: Abstract Data Types and Classes, Inheritance, Encapsulation and Information Hiding.				4
IV	Module: Importing module, Math module, Random module, Packages Composition. Data Visualization: Matplot lib, Bar Graph, Pie Chart, Box plot, Histogram, Line chart, Sub plot				5
V	Python-Numpy Library NumPy: Introduction, Numpy array, Numpy array indexing, Numpy operations.				4
VI	Pandas Library: Pandas: Series, Data frames, managing missing data, groupby, merging & concatenation, operations, data input and data output.				4
Text Books					
1	R. Nageswara Rao, “Core Python Programming”, Dreamtech Press, 2nd Edition, 2017				
2	Chun, J Wesley, “Core Python Programming”, Pearson, 2nd Edition, 2007 Reprint 2010				
References					

1	Barry, Paul, Head <i>First Python</i> , O Rielly, 2nd Edition, 2010
2	Lutz, Mark, <i>Learning Python</i> , O Rielly, 4th Edition, 2009
Useful Links	
1	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_cs32/preview
2	https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/
3	https://www.learnpython.org/

CO-PO Mapping														
	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
CO1			2										3	
CO2				2	3							2		3
CO3									1			2		3
The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.														

Assessment
The assessment is based on 2 in-semester examinations in the form of T1 (Test-1) and T2 (Test-2) of 20 marks each. Also there shall be 1 End-Sem examination (ESE) of 60 marks. T1 shall be typically on modules 1 and 2, T2 based typically on modules 3, 4 and ESE shall be on all modules with nearly 50% weightage on modules 1 to 4 and 50% weightage on modules 5, 6.

Assessment Plan based on Bloom's Taxonomy Level				
Bloom's Taxonomy Level	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand	5	5	10	20
Apply	10	5	15	30
Analyze	5	5	15	25
Evaluate		5	15	20
Create			5	5
Total	20	20	60	100

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme		B.Tech. (Information Technology)			
Class, Semester		Third Year B. Tech., Sem V			
Course Code					
Course Name		Open Elective - 2: Cloud Computing System			
Desired Requisites:		Computer Networks			
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	3 Hrs/week	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Tutorial	-	20	20	60	100
Practical	-				
Interaction	-	Credits: 3			
Course Objectives					
1	To introduce fundamentals of virtualization techniques				
2	To impart various service and deployment model in cloud computing				
3	To explain the significance of virtualization in data center				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom's Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Comprehend the fundamentals of cloud computation				Understand
CO2	Select deployment model to host services on cloud				Apply
CO3	Compare various service models for data center applications				Analyze
Module	Module Contents				Hours
I	Introduction to Cloud Computing Virtualization and Cloud Computing, Cloud Reference Model: IAAS, PAAS, SAAS, Cloud Deployment Model: Public Cloud, Private Cloud and Hybrid Cloud, Cloud Platforms in Industry				7
II	Virtualization Hosted and Bare-Meta, Server Virtualization, Desktop Virtualization, Application Virtualization, Storage Virtualization				6
III	Network Functions Public Cloud Networking: Route53, Content Delivery Networks, Resilience Infrastructure, Virtual Network Functions: Cloud Firewall, DNS, Load Balancers, Intrusion Detection Systems				6
IV	Virtual Private Clouds (VPC) VPC fundamentals, Public and Private Subnets, Security Groups, Network Access Control List, Network Address Translation.				7
V	Cloud Management Service Management in Cloud Computing, Data Management in Cloud Computing, Resource Management in Cloud				7
VI	Advances in Cloud Computing Open Source and Commercial Clouds, Cloud Simulator, Research trend in Cloud Computing, Fog Computing				6
Text Books					
1	Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, S. Thamarai Selvi, “Mastering cloud computing”, Mc Graw Hill Education, 3rd Edition, 2011				
2	Thomas Erl, Zaigham Mahmood and Ricardo Puttini, “Cloud Computing: Concepts, Technology & Architecture”, Pearson, 1st Edition, 2010				
References					
1	Richardo Puttini, Thomas Erl, and Zaigham Mahmood, “Cloud Computing: Concepts, Technology & Architecture”. Pearson Prentice Hall, 2nd edition, 2013				

2	Srinivasan, J. Suresh, <i>“Cloud Computing: A practical approach for learning and implementation”</i> , Pearson, 2nd Edition, 2012
Useful Links	
1	Module: I, II, IV, V, VI https://nptel.ac.in/content/syllabus_pdf/106105167.pdf
2	https://aws.amazon.com/

CO-PO Mapping															
	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	1		2										2		
CO2			3												
CO3	2													3	
The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.															

Assessment
The assessment is based on 2 in-semester examinations in the form of T1 (Test-1) and T2 (Test-2) of 20 marks each. Also there shall be 1 End-Sem examination (ESE) of 60 marks. T1 shall be typically on modules 1 and 2, T2 based typically on modules 3, 4 and ESE shall be on all modules with nearly 50% weightage on modules 1 to 4 and 50% weightage on modules 5, 6.

Assessment Plan based on Bloom's Taxonomy Level				
Bloom's Taxonomy Level	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand	5	5	10	20
Apply	10	5	15	30
Analyze	5	5	15	25
Evaluate		5	15	20
Create			5	5
Total	20	20	60	100

TY Sem II

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme		B.Tech. (Information Technology)			
Class, Semester		Third Year B. Tech., Sem VI			
Course Code					
Course Name		Unix Operating System			
Desired Requisites:		Operating System			
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	2 Hrs/week	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Tutorial	-	20	20	60	100
Practical	-				
Interaction	-	Credits: 2			
Course Objectives					
1	To introduce design principal and philosophy of the Unix/Linux OS.				
2	To impart the architecture of Unix/Linux OS.				
3	To demonstrate system call of Linux/Unix.				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom's Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Interpret design principal and philosophy of the Unix/Linux OS				Apply
CO2	Analyze the architecture of Unix/Linux OS				Analyze
CO3	Compare various IPCs in Linux OS				Analyze
Module	Module Contents				Hours
I	Introduction General Overview of the System - History, System Structure, User Perspective, Operating System Services, Assumption About Hardware. Introduction to the KERNEL: Architecture of UNIX OS, Introduction to system concepts, Kernel Data Structure, System Administration				5
II	The Buffer Cache Buffer headers, structure of the buffer pool, scenarios for retrieval of a buffer, reading and writing disk blocks, advantages and disadvantages of cache.				4
III	Internal Representation of Files Inodes, structure of the regular file, directories, conversion of a pathname to inode, super block, inode assignment to a new file, allocation of disk blocks, other file types.				4
IV	System calls for the file System Open, Read, write, File and Record Locking, LSEEK, Close, File Creation, Creation of Special File, Change Directory and Change Root, Change Owner and Change Mode, Stat and Fstat, Pipes, Dup, Link, Unlink.				4
V	Structure of Process Process stages and transitions, layout of system memory, the context of a Process, saving context of a process, manipulation of the process address space.				4
VI	Process Control Process creation, signals, process termination, awaiting process termination, invoking other programs, the user id of a process, the shell, system Boot and the Init process, Process Scheduling, system call for time, clock.				5
Text Books					

1	Maurice J. Bach, “ <i>The Design of Unix Operating System</i> ”, PHI, 1994.
2	Sumitabha Das, “ <i>Unix Concepts and Applications</i> ”, TMGH, 4 th Edition, 2017.
References	
1	Beej Jorgensen , “ <i>Beej's Guide to Unix IPC</i> ”, Brian -Beej Jorgensen Hall, Version 1.1.2, December, 2010
2	<u>Kay Robbins</u> , <u>Steve Robbins</u> , “ <i>UNIX Systems Programming: Communication, Concurrency and Threads</i> ”, Pearson, 2nd Edition, December, 2015
3	<u>Eric Raymond</u> , “ <i>Art of UNIX Programming</i> ”, Pearson, 1st edition, October, 2003
Useful Links	
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102132/ (Intro to Unix System Calls Part 1/2, Kernel Data Structures, Process structure, Context Switching, Fork, Context-Switch, Process Control Block, Locking, File System Implementation, File System Operation)
2	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_cs50 (Processes, Scheduling in Linux, IPC, thread)
3	https://github.com/suvratapte/Maurice-Bach-Notes
4	https://github.com/mit-pdos/xv6-public
5	https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/introduction-to-unix-system/
6	http://www.di.uevora.pt/~lmr/syscalls.html

CO-PO Mapping														
	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
CO1			3						2					
CO2		2										2	2	
CO3			2	1										1
The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.														

Assessment
The assessment is based on 2 in-semester examinations in the form of T1 (Test-1) and T2 (Test-2) of 20 marks each. Also there shall be 1 End-Sem examination (ESE) of 60 marks. T1 shall be typically on modules 1 and 2, T2 based typically on modules 3, 4 and ESE shall be on all modules with nearly 50% weightage on modules 1 to 4 and 50% weightage on modules 5, 6.

Assessment Plan based on Bloom's Taxonomy Level				
Bloom's Taxonomy Level	T1	T2	Lab ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand	5	5	10	20
Apply	10	5	15	30
Analyze	5	5	15	25
Evaluate		5	15	20
Create			5	5
Total	20	20	60	100

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme		B.Tech. (Information Technology)			
Class, Semester		Third Year B. Tech., Sem VI			
Course Code					
Course Name		Parallel Computing			
Desired Requisites:		Computer Algorithm			
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	2 Hrs/week	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Tutorial	1	20	20	60	100
Practical	-				
Interaction	-	Credits: 3			
Course Objectives					
1	To introduce the parallel computing in open source tools				
2	To implement the process of parallelization of computer algorithms				
3	To comprehend thread and process concept in parallel computing				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom's Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Apply parallel computing algorithm to solve computational problem				Apply
CO2	Implement parallel code to speed-up the execution				Apply
CO3	Design the parallel algorithm for the engineering problem				Create
Module	Module Contents				Hours
I	Parallel Computing: Motivation and scope				6
II	GPGPU Programming : OpenACC, CUDA, OpenCL				4
III	Trends in processor architecture and limitations of memory systems				4
IV	Dichotomy and organization of parallel platforms				4
V	Communication costs in parallel machines				4
VI	Routing mechanism and processor mapping techniques				4
Text Books					
1	Anath Grama, Ansul Gupta, George Karypis, Vipin Kumar, "Introduction to parallel computing", Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2003				
2	Jaegeun Han, Bharatkumar Sharma, "Learn CUDA Programming", First Edition, Packt publishing, 2019				
References					
1	Horowitz, Sahni Rajasekaran, "Computer Algorithms", Computer Science, W. H. Freeman and company Press, New york				
Useful Links					
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102114/				
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102163/				

CO-PO Mapping

	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
CO1					3							1		
CO2		1			2								1	
CO3	1	2												2

The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High
Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.

Assessment
The assessment is based on 2 in-semester examinations in the form of T1 (Test-1) and T2 (Test-2) of 20 marks each. Also there shall be 1 End-Sem examination (ESE) of 60 marks. T1 shall be typically on modules 1 and 2, T2 based typically on modules 3, 4 and ESE shall be on all modules with nearly 50% weightage on modules 1 to 4 and 50% weightage on modules 5, 6.

Assessment Plan based on Bloom's Taxonomy Level				
Bloom's Taxonomy Level	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand	5	5	10	20
Apply	10	5	15	30
Analyze	5	5	15	25
Evaluate		5	15	20
Create			5	5
Total	20	20	60	100

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme	B.Tech. (Information Technology)				
Class, Semester	Third Year B. Tech., Sem VI				
Course Code					
Course Name	Unix Operating System Lab				
Desired Requisites:	Operating System, (C/python) Programming language				
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	-	LA1	LA2	Lab ESE	Total
Tutorial	-	30	30	40	100
Practical	2 Hrs/Week				
Interaction	-	Credits: 1			
Course Objectives					
1	To use various system call of Unix/Linux				
2	To elaborate the various inter process communications				
3	To impart the inter process communications for solving the real world problems				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom's Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Illustrate the difference between thread and process				Apply
CO2	Identify different system calls for Linux/Unix programming				Analyze
CO3	Implement various inter process communications available in operating system				Apply
List of Experiments / Lab Activities					
List of Experiments:					
1. Processing Environment : fork, vfork, wait, waitpid,exec (all variations exec), and exit					
2. IPC: Interrupts and Signals: signal(any three type of signal), alarm, kill, signal					
3. File system Internals: Stat, fstat, ustat/lock/flock.					
4. Threading concept: In c language (P thread) clone, threads of java					
5. IPC: Semaphore: semaphore. h-semget, semctl, semop					
6. IPC: Message Queue: msgget, msgsnd, msgrcv					
7. IPC: Shared memory : shmget, shmat, shmdt					
8. IPC: Sockets: socket system calls in C/socket programming of Java/python.					
9. IPC: Pipe/FIFO					
10. Scripting writing in Linux and python					
Text Books					
1	Maurice J. Bach, “The Design of Unix Operating System”, PHI, 1994.				
2	Sumitabha Das, “Unix Concepts and Applications”, TMGH, 4 th Edition, 2017.				
References					
1	Beej Jorgensen , “Beej's Guide to Unix IPC”, Brian -Beej Jorgensen Hall, Version 1.1.2, December, 2010				
2	Kay Robbins, Steve Robbins, “UNIX Systems Programming: Communication, Concurrency and Threads”, Pearson, 2nd Edition, December, 2015				
3	Eric Raymond , “Art of UNIX Programming”, Pearson, 1st edition, October, 2003				
Useful Links					
1	https://users.cs.cf.ac.uk/Dave.Marshall/C/				
2	https://github.com/suvratapte/Maurice-Bach-Notes				
3	https://github.com/mit-pdos/xv6-public				
4	https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/introduction-to-unix-system/				
5.	https://github.com/beejjorgensen/bgipc				
6.	http://www.di.uevora.pt/~lmr/syscalls.html				

CO-PO Mapping														
	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
CO1		2		1									1	
CO2					3							2	2	
CO3		1		2										2
The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.														

Assessment				
There are three components of lab assessment, LA1, LA2 and Lab ESE. IMP: Lab ESE is a separate head of passing. LA1, LA2 together is treated as In-Semester Evaluation.				
Assessment	Based on	Conducted by	Typical Schedule (for 26-week Sem)	Marks
LA1	Lab activities, attendance, journal	Lab Course Faculty	During Week 1 to Week 6 Marks Submission at the end of Week 6	30
LA2	Lab activities, attendance, journal	Lab Course Faculty	During Week 7 to Week 12 Marks Submission at the end of Week 12	30
Lab ESE	Lab activities, attendance, journal	Lab Course Faculty	During Week 15 to Week 18 Marks Submission at the end of Week 18	40
Week 1 indicates starting week of a semester. The typical schedule of lab assessments is shown, considering a 26-week semester. The actual schedule shall be as per academic calendar. Lab activities/Lab performance shall include performing experiments, mini-project, presentations, drawings, programming and other suitable activities, as per the nature and requirement of the lab course. The experimental lab shall have typically 8-10 experiments.				

Assessment Plan based on Bloom's Taxonomy Level				
Bloom's Taxonomy Level	LA1	LA2	Lab ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand	5			05
Apply	20	20	20	60
Analyze	5	5	10	20
Evaluate		5	5	10
Create			5	5
Total	30	30	40	100

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme	B.Tech. (Information Technology)				
Class, Semester	Third Year B. Tech., Sem VI				
Course Code					
Course Name	Web Technology				
Desired Requisites:	Basic Programming Concepts				
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	-	LA1	LA2	ESE	Total
Tutorial	-	30	30	40	100
Practical	2 Hrs/week				
Interaction	1 Hr/week	Credits: 2			
Course Objectives					
1	To introduce the principles web based applications development process				
2	To impart current client side and server side web technologies				
3	To demonstrate application development in web and content management system				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom's Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Develop web-based application using client and server side web technologies				Apply
CO2	Create a web page with elements and attributes				Create
CO3	Design solution for various application using web frameworks				Create
Module	Module Contents				Hours
I	HTML and CSS HTML introduction, HTML editors, elements, attributes, headings, paragraphs, styles, formatting, lists, tables, layout, forms CSS Introduction, syntax, selectors, colors, backgrounds, borders, margins, padding, outline, text family, font family, navigation bar, dropdowns, forms, website layout and components				2
II	Javascript Introduction to Javascript, syntax, variables, operators, data types, functions, objects, events, date formats, math, control flow statements, forms, objects and its properties, object classes, components, Introduction to server-side and client-side scripting language				2
III	PHP Basics of PHP, installation of PHP, comments, variables, echo/print, data types, strings, numbers, math, constants, operators, control flow statements, arrays, Form handling, form validation, form required, from URL, form complete, date and time, file handling, open, read, write, upload, cookies, session,				3
IV	Object oriented PHP What is OOP?, classes and objects, constructor, destructor, access modifiers, inheritance, interfaces, abstract classes, static keyword				2
V	Database Handling – MySQL database connectivity, MySQL connect, creating database, inserting data, prepared statements, various queries used in PHP				2
VI	Bootstrap and responsive web design Introduction to Bootstrap, installation of bootstrap, grid system, buttons, tables, vertical forms, horizontal forms, dropdowns, responsive tabs, progress bar, alerts, pagination, badges, labels, page headers, tooltips, responsive web design: nodejs, angular js, angular, react, etc.				2
List of Experiments / Lab Activities					

List of Experiments:

1. Program on HTML basic tags for text formatting.
2. Program on HTML tag to handle multimedia elements on web page.
3. Program on HTML tag to create forms and UI elements.
4. Program on CSS properties for HTML web page.
5. Program on applying event handling on HTML web page using JavaScript.
6. Program on applying layout to HTML webpage.
7. Program on PHP controls statements.
8. Program on PHP string operations.
9. Program on PHP form creation and data handling.
10. Program on session management using PHP.
11. Program on Cookies management using PHP.
12. Program on PHP to connect MySQL database for CURD operations.
13. Program on Bootstrap/ responsive web design using different components.

Text Books

1	P.J. Deitel & H.M. Deitel Pearson, "Internet and World Wide Web How to program", Pearson Education India, 4 th Edition, 2009
2	Jon Duckett, "HTML and CSS: Design and Build Websites", John Wiley & Sons, Inc, 1 st Edition, 2011

References

1	Steven M. Schafer, "HTML, XHTML and CSS", Wiley India Edition, 5th Edition, 2010
2	Ivan Bayross, "Web Enabled Commercial Application Development Using HTML, JavaScript, DHTML and PHP", BPB Publications, 4th Edition, 2006

Useful Links

1	https://www.coursera.org/learn/web-app#syllabus
2	https://www.coursera.org/specializations/web-applications
3	https://www.udemy.com/course/foundations-of-front-end-development/

CO-PO Mapping

	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
CO1		2		1										
CO2									2					
CO3					2									1

The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High
Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.

Assessment

The assessment is based on 2 in-semester evaluations (ISE) of 10 marks each, 1 mid-sem examination (MSE) of 30 marks and 1 end-sem examination (ESE) of 50 marks.
MSE is based on the modules taught till MSE (typically Module 1-3) and ESE is based on all modules with 30-40% weightage on modules before MSE and 60-70% weightage on modules after MSE.

Assessment Plan based on Bloom's Taxonomy Level

Bloom's Taxonomy Level	LA1	LA2	Lab ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand	5			05
Apply	20	20	20	60
Analyze	5	5	10	20
Evaluate		5	5	10
Create			5	5
Total	30	30	40	100

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme		B.Tech. (Information Technology)			
Class, Semester		Third Year B. Tech., Sem VI			
Course Code					
Course Name		Mini Project - 4			
Desired Requisites:		Database Engineering			
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	-	LA1	LA2	Lab ESE	Total
Tutorial	-	30	30	40	100
Practical	2 Hrs/Week				
Interaction	-	Credits: 1			
Course Objectives					
1	To introduce latest database system and it's design				
2	To find real-world challenges by IT based Solution				
3	To build the soft skills of student to work in team.				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom's Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Demonstrate the database design				Apply
CO2	Identify the real world problems & apply software engineering practices				Analyze
CO3	Design software application with backend and project report for submission				Create
List of Experiments / Lab Activities					
List of Experiments:					
Mini-project is to be carried out in a group of maximum 5 to 6 students.					
Each group will carry out a mini-project by developing any application software based on the following areas.					
1. Data based application development using any trending database system like: structured and unstructured DBs (PGSQL, NoSQL, MongoDB, oracle, Maria Db, RDF, firebase, etc.)					
2. Industry based problem / Sponsored application /Game/ Interdisciplinary application /socially useful application / Problem solving of previously learned complex concepts.					
3. Project group should achieve all the proposed objectives of the problem statement.					
4. The work should be completed in all aspects of design, implementation and testing and follow software engineering practices.					
5. Project reports should be prepared and submitted in soft and hard form along with the code and other dependency documents. Preferable use online code repositories (github/bitbucket)					
6. Project will be evaluated continuously by the guide/panel as per assessment plan.					
7. Presentation and report should use standard templates provided by department.					
8. Ppreferably choose DB other than taught in MySQL/MSSQL.					
Project report (pre-defined template) should be prepared using Latex/Word and submitted along with soft copy on CD/DVD (with code, PPT, PDF, Text report document & reference material) or on an online repository.					
Students should maintain a project log book containing weekly progress of the project.					
Text Books					
1	Rajendra Kumbhar , “How to Write Project Reports, Ph. D. Thesis and Research Articles”, Universal Prakashan, 2015				

2	Marilyn Deegan, “ <i>Academic Book of the Future Project Report</i> ”, A Report to the AHRC & the British Library, 2017
References	
1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0oSDa2kf5I8 (report writing)
2	
Useful Links	
1	https://pats.cs.cf.ac.uk/wiki/lib/exe/fetch.php?media=project-report.pdf
2	http://users.iems.northwestern.edu/~hazen/Writing%20Project%20Reports%202004a.pdf
3	https://www.upgrad.com/blog/java-project-ideas-topics-for-beginners/
4	https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/computer-science-projects/

CO-PO Mapping														
	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
CO1		1			2							3		
CO2										2			2	
CO3							3				2			1
The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.														

Assessment				
There are three components of lab assessment, LA1, LA2 and Lab ESE. IMP: Lab ESE is a separate head of passing. LA1, LA2 together is treated as In-Semester Evaluation.				
Assessment	Based on	Conducted by	Typical Schedule (for 26-week Sem)	Marks
LA1	Lab activities, attendance, journal	Lab Course Faculty	During Week 1 to Week 6 Marks Submission at the end of Week 6	30
LA2	Lab activities, attendance, journal	Lab Course Faculty	During Week 7 to Week 12 Marks Submission at the end of Week 12	30
Lab ESE	Lab activities, attendance, journal	Lab Course Faculty	During Week 15 to Week 18 Marks Submission at the end of Week 18	40
Week 1 indicates starting week of a semester. The typical schedule of lab assessments is shown, considering a 26-week semester. The actual schedule shall be as per academic calendar. Lab activities/Lab performance shall include performing experiments, mini-project, presentations, drawings, programming and other suitable activities, as per the nature and requirement of the lab course. The experimental lab shall have typically 8-10 experiments.				

Assessment Plan based on Bloom's Taxonomy Level (Marks) (For lab Courses)				
Bloom's Taxonomy Level	LA1	LA2	Lab ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand				
Apply	15	10	10	35
Analyze	5	10	5	20
Evaluate	5	5	10	20
Create	5	5	15	25
Total Marks	30	30	40	100

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme		B.Tech. (Information Technology)			
Class, Semester		Third Year B. Tech., Sem VI			
Course Code					
Course Name		Mini Project - 5			
Desired Requisites:		AIML, Web Technology			
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	-	LA1	LA2	Lab ESE	Total
Tutorial	-	30	30	40	100
Practical	2 Hrs/Week				
Interaction	-	Credits: 1			
Course Objectives					
1	To introduce latest web technology				
2	To find real-world challenges by IT based Solution				
3	To build the soft skills of student to work in team.				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom's Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Implement AI based applications or Web application				Apply
CO2	Identify the real world problems & apply software engineering practices.				Analyze
CO3	Design software application with backend and detailed project report for submission and evaluation.				Create
List of Experiments / Lab Activities					
List of Experiments:					
Mini-project is to be carried out in a group of maximum 5 to 6 students.					
Each group will carry out a mini-project by developing any application software based on the following areas.					
1. Development using any web application or AIML based application					
2. Industry based problem / Sponsored application /Game/ Interdisciplinary application /socially useful application / Problem solving of previously learned complex concepts.					
3. Application area for AI/ML : Transport, Agriculture, Networking monitoring, environment, Social life Smart City Development, health, smart home etc.					
4. Web application development using any front end technology: PHP, NODE.JS, django. Flask, Ruby on Rails, etc					
5. Data based application development using any trending database system like: MySQL, PGSQL, NoSQL, MongoDB, etc.					
6. Project group should achieve all the proposed objectives of the problem statement.					
7. The work should be completed in all aspects of design, implementation and testing and follow software engineering practices.					
8. Project reports should be prepared and submitted in soft and hard form along with the code and other dependency documents. Preferable use online code repositories (github/bitbucket)					
9. Project will be evaluated continuously by the guide/panel as per assessment plan.					
10. Presentation and report should use standard templates provided by department.					
Project report (pre-defined template) should be prepared using Latex/Word and submitted along with soft copy on CD/DVD (with code, PPT, PDF, Text report document & reference material) or on an online repository. Students should maintain a project log book containing weekly progress of the project.					
Text Books					

1	<u>Rajendra Kumbhar</u> , “How to Write Project Reports, Ph. D. Thesis and Research Articles”, Universal Prakashan, 2015
2	Marilyn Deegan, “ Academic Book of the Future Project Report”, A Report to the AHRC & the British Library, 2017
References	
1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0oSDa2kf5I8 (report writing)
Useful Links	
1	https://pats.cs.cf.ac.uk/wiki/lib/exe/fetch.php?media=project-report.pdf
2	http://users.iems.northwestern.edu/~hazen/Writing%20Project%20Reports%202004a.pdf
3	https://www.upgrad.com/blog/java-project-ideas-topics-for-beginners/
4	https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/computer-science-projects/

CO-PO Mapping														
	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
CO1		1			2							3		
CO2										2			2	
CO3							3					2		1
The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.														

Assessment				
There are three components of lab assessment, LA1, LA2 and Lab ESE. IMP: Lab ESE is a separate head of passing. LA1, LA2 together is treated as In-Semester Evaluation.				
Assessment	Based on	Conducted by	Typical Schedule (for 26-week Sem)	Marks
LA1	Lab activities, attendance, journal	Lab Course Faculty	During Week 1 to Week 6 Marks Submission at the end of Week 6	30
LA2	Lab activities, attendance, journal	Lab Course Faculty	During Week 7 to Week 12 Marks Submission at the end of Week 12	30
Lab ESE	Lab activities, attendance, journal	Lab Course Faculty	During Week 15 to Week 18 Marks Submission at the end of Week 18	40
Week 1 indicates starting week of a semester. The typical schedule of lab assessments is shown, considering a 26-week semester. The actual schedule shall be as per academic calendar. Lab activities/Lab performance shall include performing experiments, mini-project, presentations, drawings, programming and other suitable activities, as per the nature and requirement of the lab course. The experimental lab shall have typically 8-10 experiments.				

Assessment Plan based on Bloom’s Taxonomy Level (Marks) (For lab Courses)				
Bloom’s Taxonomy Level	LA1	LA2	Lab ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand				
Apply	15	10	10	35
Analyze	5	10	5	20
Evaluate	5	5	10	20
Create	5	5	15	25
Total Marks	30	30	40	100

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme		B.Tech. (Information Technology)			
Class, Semester		Final Year B. Tech., Sem VI			
Course Code					
Course Name		Professional Elective - 2: Fundamentals of Distributed Operating System			
Desired Requisites:		Operating Systems, Distributed Network			
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	3 Hrs/week	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Tutorial	-	20	20	60	100
Practical	-				
Interaction	-	Credits: 3			
Course Objectives					
1	To introduce fundamental principles of distributed systems				
2	To compare various distributed system protocols				
3	To deliver the concepts of communication, process, naming and synchronization				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom's Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Comprehend the fundamentals of distributed operating systems				Understand
CO2	Compare different distributed file systems				Analyse
CO3	Analyze distributed web-based system and applications				Analyse
Module	Module Contents				Hours
I	Introduction to distributed Systems Definition and goals, Hardware and Software concepts, Design issues				6
II	Communication & Synchronization in distributed systems: Computer Network and Layered protocols, Message passing and related issues, synchronization, Client Server model & its implementation, remote procedure call and implementation issues, Case Studies: SUN RPC, DEC RPC Clock synchronization and related algorithms, mutual exclusion, Deadlock in distributed systems				7
III	Processes and processors & Distributed File Systems: Threads, system model, processor allocation, scheduling in distributed systems: Load balancing and sharing approach, fault tolerance, Real time distributed systems, Process migration and related issues Introduction, features & goal of distributed file system,				5
IV	Distributed Shared Memory: Introduction, general architecture of DSM systems, design and implementation issues of DSM, granularity, structure of shared memory space, consistency models, replacement strategy, thrashing				5
V	Naming & Distributed Web-based Systems Overview, Features, Basic concepts, System oriented names, Object locating mechanisms, Issues in designing human oriented names, Name caches, Naming and security, DNS Architecture, Processes, Communication, Naming, Synchronization, Consistency and Replication: Web Proxy Caching, Replication for Web Hosting Systems, Replication of Web Applications				7

VI	Security &Case Study Google FS/BigTable Introduction of Security in Distributed OS, Overview of security techniques, features, Need, Access Control, Security Management ,Java RMI, Sun Network File System, Google case study												5	
Text Books														
1	Pradeep K. Sinha “ <i>Distributed Operating Systems Concepts and Design</i> ”, Wiley–Blackwell, 1996													
2	George Coulouris, Jean Dollimore,Tim Kindberg “ <i>Distributed Systems: Concepts and Design</i> ”, Pearson, 2011													
References														
1	Sunita Mahajan & Seema Shah “ <i>Distributed Computing</i> “ OXFORD, 2013													
Useful Links														
1														
CO-PO Mapping														
	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
CO1	2	1											2	2
CO2	2													2
CO3	1													1
The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.														

Assessment
The assessment is based on 2 in-semester examinations in the form of T1 (Test-1) and T2 (Test-2) of 20 marks each. Also there shall be 1 End-Sem examination (ESE) of 60 marks. T1 shall be typically on modules 1 and 2, T2 based typically on modules 3, 4 and ESE shall be on all modules with nearly 50% weightage on modules 1 to 4 and 50% weightage on modules 5, 6.

Assessment Plan based on Bloom’s Taxonomy Level				
Bloom’s Taxonomy Level	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand	5	5	10	20
Apply	10	5	15	30
Analyze	5	5	15	25
Evaluate		5	15	20
Create			5	5
Total	20	20	60	100

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme		B.Tech. (Information Technology)			
Class, Semester		Third Year B. Tech., Sem VI			
Course Code					
Course Name		Professional Elective - 2: Full Stack Development			
Desired Requisites:		Web Technology			
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	3 Hrs/week	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Tutorial	-	20	20	60	100
Practical	-				
Interaction	-	Credits: 3			
Course Objectives					
1	To impart the design, development and implementation of static and dynamic web pages				
2	To develop programs for web using Scripting Languages				
3	To introduce concept of responsive web development				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom’s Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Illustrate the basic elements and properties in different web applications				Apply
CO2	Create static and dynamic web applications				Create
CO3	Design and develop responsive web applications				Create
Module	Module Contents				Hours
I	HTML 5 and Bootstrap: Bootstrap Introduction Introduction, Getting Started, Grid System, Fixed Layout, Fluid Layout, Responsive Layout, Typography Bootstrap Basics Elements: Jumbotron open link, Button, Button Groups , Grid, Table, Form, Alert, Wells, Badge & Label, Panels, Pagination, Pager, Image, Glyphicon,, Carousel, Progress Bar, List Group, Dropdown, Collapse, Tabs.				7
II	Introduction to Node JS: Install Node.js Windows and Linux, Modules, HTTP Module, URL Module, First Example. Console, NPM: Package Manager, Node Globals, Node.js OS, Timer, Errors Node JS Basics: Buffers, Streams, File System, Path, String Decoder, Query String, ZLIB, Assertion, V8, Callbacks, Events, Punycode, TTY, Web Modules				7
III	Node JS and MySQL : Create Connection, Create Database, Create Table, Insert Record, Update Record, Delete Record, Select Record, Select Unique, Drop Table				6
IV	ReactJS Introduction, Templating using JSX, Components, State and Props, Lifecycle of Components, Rendering List and Portals, Error Handling, Routers, Redux and Redux Saga, Immutable.js, Service Side Rendering, Unit Testing, Webpack				6

V	Python Framework Introduction to Django, Installation of Django, The Basics of Dynamic, Web Pages, The Django Template System, Interacting with a Database: Models, The Django Administration Site, Form Processing, File Handling Email Functionalities, Sessions and Cookies	6
VI	Ruby On Rails Introduction, RVM(ruby version manager), Working in Linux(Ubuntu) Platform, Ruby Operators & Ruby Shell, Ruby Data types & Variables, Ruby methods and modules, OOP in Ruby, Basic loops and iterators Rails Rails Installation and Ruby gems, Databases, Statements, RAILS Model, Controller, and Views	7
Text Books		
1	Benjamin Jakobus, “ <i>Mastering Bootstrap 4</i> ”, Packt Publisher, 2nd Edition, 2018	
2	Jake Spurlock, “ <i>Bootstrap: Responsive Web Development</i> ”, O’Reilly Publication, 1st Edition, 2013	
3	Ethan Brown, “ <i>Web Development using Node and Express</i> ”, O’Reilly Publisher, 1st Edition, 2014.	
References		
1	Daniel Rubio,” <i>Beginning Django Web Application Development and Deployment with Python</i> ”, ApressPublication,1st Edition,2017	
2	Michael Hartl,“ <i>Ruby on Rails 3 Tutorial Learn Rails by Example</i> ”, Pearson Education Publication,1 st Edition,2010	
Useful Links		
1	https://www.tutorialsteacher.com/nodejs/nodejs-tutorials	
2	https://morioh.com/p/656c3d9c1bce	
3	https://www.tutorialrepublic.com/twitter-bootstrap-tutorial/	
4	https://morioh.com/p/11c3e757a913	
5	https://www.djangoproject.com/start/	

CO-PO Mapping														
	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
CO1									1				2	
CO2			2		2									3
CO3			2		3									3
The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.														

Assessment
The assessment is based on 2 in-semester examinations in the form of T1 (Test-1) and T2 (Test-2) of 20 marks each. Also there shall be 1 End-Sem examination (ESE) of 60 marks. T1 shall be typically on modules 1 and 2, T2 based typically on modules 3, 4 and ESE shall be on all modules with nearly 50% weightage on modules 1 to 4 and 50% weightage on modules 5, 6.

Assessment Plan based on Bloom's Taxonomy Level				
Bloom's Taxonomy Level	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand	5	5	10	20
Apply	10	5	15	30
Analyze	5	5	15	25
Evaluate		5	15	20
Create			5	5
Total	20	20	60	100

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme		B.Tech. (Information Technology)			
Class, Semester		Final Year b. Tech., Sem VI			
Course Code					
Course Name		Professional Elective - 2: 5G Technology			
Desired Requisites:		Computer Network			
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	3 Hrs/week	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Tutorial	-	20	20	60	100
Practical	-				
Interaction	-	Credits: 3			
Course Objectives					
1	To introduce the evolution of mobile communication				
2	To elaborate the key innovations in 5G networks				
3	To design and optimize the 5G network in modern tools				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom's Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Distinguish the evolution of 5G network and spectrum challenges				Analyze
CO2	Illustrate the 5G physical and functional architecture				Apply
CO3	Compare various radio access technologies for 5G networks				Analyze
Module	Module Contents				Hours
I	Introduction Wireless Communication: Evolution of wireless Communication Standards From 2G to 5G, Merits and Demerits of 2G, 3G, 4G				6
II	Introduction to 5G: Requirements and operating scenarios of 5G, 5G scenarios, Ultra reliable low latency communication, Designing 5G new radio				7
III	Waveform Design Aspects: Waveform Design Aspects of 2G, Waveforms in 3G, 4G, 5G, Waveforms beyond 5G, Comparison of waveforms				6
IV	5G Carriers and Channels: LecFrame Structure in 5G NR, Numerology in 5G and adaptive subcarrier bandwidth, Channel models for performance evaluation				7
V	Signal Processing: MIMO Signal Processing (Receive Diversity) and Capacity, Hybrid beam forming (mmWave)				7
VI	Challenges in 5G: Spectrum availability and implementation,Deploying hybrid LTE-NR is critical, Complex network architecture, Demand for extensive 5G networks testing, Scarcity in 5G devices, Investment requirements, Regulations on radiation				6
Text Books					
1	Asif Oseiran, Jose F.Monserrat and Patrick Marsch, “5G Mobile and Wireless Communications Technology”, Cambridge University Press, 2016				
2	Jonathan Rodriquez, “Fundamentals of 5G Mobile Networks”, Wiley, 2015				
References					
1	Patrick Marsch, Omer Bulakci, Olav Queseth and Mauro Boldi, “5G System Design – Architectural and Functional Considerations and Long Term Research”, Wiley, 2018				
Useful Links					

1	Module I, II, III, IV, V https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105134/
---	---

CO-PO Mapping															
	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	3		1										2		
CO2		2													
CO3	2		1											1	
The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.															

Assessment
The assessment is based on 2 in-semester examinations in the form of T1 (Test-1) and T2 (Test-2) of 20 marks each. Also there shall be 1 End-Sem examination (ESE) of 60 marks. T1 shall be typically on modules 1 and 2, T2 based typically on modules 3, 4 and ESE shall be on all modules with nearly 50% weightage on modules 1 to 4 and 50% weightage on modules 5, 6.

Assessment Plan based on Bloom's Taxonomy Level				
Bloom's Taxonomy Level	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand	5	5	10	20
Apply	10	5	15	30
Analyze	5	5	15	25
Evaluate		5	15	20
Create			5	5
Total	20	20	60	100

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme		B.Tech. (Information Technology)			
Class, Semester		Third Year B. Tech., Sem VI			
Course Code					
Course Name		Professional Elective - 2: Mathematics for Machine Learning			
Desired Requisites:					
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	3 Hrs/week	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Tutorial	-	20	20	60	100
Practical	-				
Interaction	-	Credits: 3			
Course Objectives					
1	To introduce linear algebra and calculus for machine learning.				
2	To impart concepts of dimensionality reduction for machine learning.				
3	To develop optimized model for real-time application				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom's Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Select the mathematical model for machine learning algorithms				Apply
CO2	Compare different algorithms for dimensionality reduction				Analyse
CO3	Evaluate the optimization & probabilistic algorithms in machine learning				Evaluate
Module	Module Contents				Hours
I	Linear Algebra Basics: Vector spaces and subspaces, basis and dimensions, linear transformation, four fundamental subspaces.				6
II	Matrix Theory: Norms and spaces, eigenvalues and eigenvectors, Special Matrices and their properties, least squared and minimum normed solutions. SVD: Properties and applications, low rank approximations, Gram Schmidt process, polar decomposition				7
III	Dimensions Reduction Algorithms: Principal component analysis, linear discriminant analysis, minimal polynomial and Jordan canonical form.				7
IV	Calculus: Basic concepts of calculus: partial derivatives, gradient, directional derivatives, jacobian, hessian, , convex sets, convex functions and its properties.				7
V	Optimization: Unconstrained and Constrained optimization, Numerical optimization techniques for constrained and unconstrained optimization: Newton's method, Steepest descent method, Penalty function method. Introduction to SVM, Error minimizing LPP, concepts of duality, hard and soft margin classifiers.				6
VI	Probability: Basic concepts of probability: conditional probability, Bayes' theorem, independence, theorem of total probability, expectation and variance, few discrete and continuous distributions, joint distributions and co-variance.				7
Text Books					
1	W. Cheney, "Analysis for Applied Mathematics", New York: Springer Science+Business Medias, 2001.				
2	S. Axler, "Linear Algebra Done Right", Springer International Publishing, 3 rd edition, 2015				

References

1	All Modules taken from below link course. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_ma38/
Useful Links	
1	https://www.classcentral.com/course/swayam-introduction-to-machine-learning-5288
2	https://web.stanford.edu/~hastie/Papers/ESLII.pdf
3	http://users.isr.ist.utl.pt/~wurmd/Livros/school/Bishop%20-%20Pattern%20Recognition%20And%20Machine%20Learning%20-%20Springer%20%202006.pdf

CO-PO Mapping

	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	3		1										2		
CO2		2													
CO3	2		1											1	

The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High
Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.

Assessment

The assessment is based on 2 in-semester examinations in the form of T1 (Test-1) and T2 (Test-2) of 20 marks each. Also there shall be 1 End-Sem examination (ESE) of 60 marks. T1 shall be typically on modules 1 and 2, T2 based typically on modules 3, 4 and ESE shall be on all modules with nearly 50% weightage on modules 1 to 4 and 50% weightage on modules 5, 6.

Assessment Plan based on Bloom's Taxonomy Level

Bloom's Taxonomy Level	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand	5	5	10	20
Apply	10	5	15	30
Analyze	5	5	15	25
Evaluate		5	15	20
Create			5	5
Total	20	20	60	100

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme		B.Tech. (Information Technology)			
Class, Semester		Third Year B. Tech., Sem VI			
Course Code					
Course Name		Professional Elective - 2: IoT Systems and Applications			
Desired Requisites:		Computer Networks			
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	3 Hrs/week	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Tutorial	-	20	20	60	100
Practical	-				
Interaction	-	Credits: 3			
Course Objectives					
1	To introduce various applications of Internet of Things				
2	To realize the revolution of internet in mobile devices and sensor networks				
3	To appraise internet communication through protocols and services				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom's Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Identify factors that contributed to the emergence of IoT				Apply
CO2	Use of Arduino and Raspberry Pi to develop the applications on cloud				Apply
CO3	Design IOT based application using components				Create
Module	Module Contents				Hours
I	Introduction to IoT: Sensing, Actuation, Basics of Networking, Communication Protocols				7
II	Sensor Networks: Machine-to-Machine Communications, Interoperability in IoT				7
III	Introduction toIoT Programming: Integration of Sensors and Actuators with Arduino, Introduction to Python programming, Introduction to Raspberry Pi, Implementation of IoT with Raspberry Pi				7
IV	Introduction to SDN: SDN for IoT, Data Handling and Analytics, Cloud Computing, Sensor-Cloud, Fog Computing				6
V	IOT Application: Smart Cities and Smart Homes, Connected Vehicles, Smart Grid, Industrial IoT				6
VI	Case Study: Agriculture, Healthcare, Activity Monitoring				6
Text Books					
1	Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay K. Madiseti, “Internet of Things: A Hands-on Approach”, VPT, 1 st Edition, 2014				
2	Samuel Greengard, “The internet of things”, MIT Press, 1st Edition, 2015				
References					
1	Pethuru Raj and Anupama C. Raman, “The Internet of Things: Enabling Technologies, Platforms, and Use Cases”, CRC Press, 1 st edition, 2017				
2	Adrian McEwen, Hakim Cassimally,” Designing the Internet Of Things”, Wiley, 1 st Edition, 2013				
Useful Links					
1	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_cs65/preview				

CO-PO Mapping															
	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	
CO1	1		2										2		
CO2			3												
CO3	2										1	2		3	
The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.															

Assessment															
The assessment is based on 2 in-semester examinations in the form of T1 (Test-1) and T2 (Test-2) of 20 marks each. Also there shall be 1 End-Sem examination (ESE) of 60 marks. T1 shall be typically on modules 1 and 2, T2 based typically on modules 3, 4 and ESE shall be on all modules with nearly 50% weightage on modules 1 to 4 and 50% weightage on modules 5, 6.															

Assessment Plan based on Bloom's Taxonomy Level				
Bloom's Taxonomy Level	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand	5	5	10	20
Apply	10	5	15	30
Analyze	5	5	15	25
Evaluate		5	15	20
Create			5	5
Total	20	20	60	100

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme		B.Tech. (Information Technology)			
Class, Semester		Third Year B. Tech., Sem VI			
Course Code					
Course Name		Open Elective 3: Web Development and Applications			
Desired Requisites:		Computer Programming			
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	2 Hrs/week	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Tutorial	-	20	20	60	100
Practical	-				
Interaction	-	Credits: 2			
Course Objectives					
1	To introduce fundamentals of web design				
2	To compare client side scripting and static web page design				
3	To explain server side scripting language for dynamic page development				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom's Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Use web and multimedia elements in web pages				Apply
CO2	Implement static and dynamic scripting for web applications				Apply
CO3	Compare various web services for web deployment				Analyse
Module	Module Contents				Hours
I	Introduction to Internet and Web: Internet, Web, Server Client model, Internet vs. web, Web Browsers, Web Page Addresses (URLs), Anatomy of a web page, Defining web design, the medium of the web, Types of web sites, Web Design themes. Web Page Hosting				4
II	HTML and CSS : HTML: Elements, Attributes, , Adding text, adding images, Table markup, formatting and fonts, commenting code, color, hyperlink, lists, tables, images, simple HTML forms, CSS: Need for CSS, introduction to CSS, basic syntax and structure, using CSS, background images, colors and properties, manipulating texts, using fonts, borders and boxes, margins, padding lists, positioning using CSS				5
III	XML Introduction to XML, uses of XML, simple XML, and XML key components, DTD and Schemas, Well formed, using XML with application. XML, XSL and XSLT. Introduction to XSL, XML transformed simple example, XSL elements, transforming with XSL				4
IV	PHP Introduction to PHP, Using variables and operators, controlling program flow, Working with arrays, Using functions and classes, PHP Forms, Content management system: WordPress, Drupal, Joomla				4
V	JavaScript: The Basic of JavaScript: Objects, Primitives Operations and Expressions, Screen Output and Keyboard Input, Control Statements, Object Creation and Modification, Arrays, Functions, Constructors, Pattern Matching ,Positioning Moving and Changing Elements				4

VI	Web Services And Web application Introduction to Web Service, Web Services Basics – Creating, Publishing, WSDL, SOAP, RSS, Web Application, examples of web applications.	4
Text Books		
1	Jennifer Niederst Robbins “ <i>Learning Web Designing</i> ”, O’Reilly Publications”, 5th Edition, 2018	
2	Thomas A. Powell “ <i>Web Design: The Complete reference</i> ” Mc Graw Hill/ Osborne, 1st Edition, 2000	
3	Robin Nixon, “ <i>Learning PHP, MySQL, JavaScript, and CSS: A Step-by-Step Guide to Creating Dynamic Websites</i> ”, O’Reilly Publications, 3rd Edition, 2014	
References		
1	Erik T. Ray “ <i>Learning XML</i> ” O’Reilly Publications, 1st Edition, 2001	
2	Chris Bates, “ <i>Web Programing Building Internet Applications</i> ”, WILEY, Dreamtech 2nd Edition, 2000	
Useful Links		
1	https://www.coursera.org/learn/web-development#syllabus	
2	https://www.coursera.org/learn/duke-programming-web#syllabus	
3	https://www.javatpoint.com/php-tutorial	
4	https://www.javatpoint.com/xml-tutorial	
5	https://www.softwaretestinghelp.com/web-services-tutorial/	

CO-PO Mapping														
	Programme Outcomes (PO)												PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
CO1									1				2	
CO2			2		2									3
CO3			2		3									3
The strength of mapping is to be written as 1,2,3; Where, 1:Low, 2:Medium, 3:High Each CO of the course must map to at least one PO.														

Assessment
The assessment is based on 2 in-semester examinations in the form of T1 (Test-1) and T2 (Test-2) of 20 marks each. Also there shall be 1 End-Sem examination (ESE) of 60 marks. T1 shall be typically on modules 1 and 2, T2 based typically on modules 3, 4 and ESE shall be on all modules with nearly 50% weightage on modules 1 to 4 and 50% weightage on modules 5, 6.

Assessment Plan based on Bloom’s Taxonomy Level				
Bloom’s Taxonomy Level	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand	5	5	10	20
Apply	10	5	15	30
Analyze	5	5	15	25
Evaluate		5	15	20
Create			5	5
Total	20	20	60	100

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli (Government Aided Autonomous Institute)					
AY 2021-22					
Course Information					
Programme		B.Tech. (Information Technology)			
Class, Semester		Third Year B. Tech., Sem VI			
Course Code					
Course Name		Open Elective - 4: Machine Learning			
Desired Requisites:					
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme (Marks)			
Lecture	3 Hrs/week	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Tutorial	-	20	20	60	100
Practical	-				
Interaction	-	Credits: 3			
Course Objectives					
1	To explain the concept supervised and unsupervised machine learning techniques.				
2	To introduce various machine learning algorithms.				
3	To discuss problem solving approaches using appropriate machine learning techniques.				
Course Outcomes (CO) with Bloom's Taxonomy Level					
At the end of the course, the students will be able to,					
CO1	Compare various machine learning algorithms for Regression and Classification.				Analyze
CO2	Apply appropriate learning algorithm for a problems.				Apply
CO3	Evaluate Machine Learning algorithms with performance parameters.				Analyze
Module	Module Contents				Hours
I	Introduction: Probability Theory, Linear Algebra, Convex Optimization, Statistical Decision Theory - Regression, Classification, Bias Variance trade off.				7
II	Regression: Linear Regression, Multivariate Regression, Subset Selection, Shrinkage Methods, Principal Component Regression, Partial Least squares, Linear Classification, Logistic Regression, Linear Discriminant Analysis.				7
III	Artificial Neural Networks: Introduction, Early Models, Perceptron Learning, Backpropagation, Initialization, Training & Validation.				6
IV	Algorithms: Decision Trees, Regression Trees, Stopping Criterion & Pruning loss functions, Categorical Attributes, Multiway Splits, Missing Values, Decision Trees – Instability Evaluation Measures, Support Vector Machines,				6
V	Learning Theory: Bootstrapping & Cross Validation, Class Evaluation Measures, ROC curve, MDL, Ensemble Methods - Bagging, Committee Machines and Stacking, Boosting				7
VI	Clustering: Partitional Clustering, Hierarchical Clustering, Birch Algorithm, CURE Algorithm, Density-based Clustering				6
Text Books					
1	Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Jerome H. Friedman, “ <i>The Elements of Statistical Learning</i> ”, Springer, 2nd Edition, 2009.				
References					
1	Christopher Bishop, “ <i>Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning</i> ”, Springer, 1st Edition, 2006.				

Useful Links	
1	https://www.classcentral.com/course/swayam-introduction-to-machine-learning-5288
2	https://web.stanford.edu/~hastie/Papers/ESLII.pdf
3	http://users.isr.ist.utl.pt/~wurmd/Livros/school/Bishop%20-%20Pattern%20Recognition%20And%20Machine%20Learning%20-%20Springer%20%202006.pdf

CO-PO Mapping						
	Programme Outcomes (PO)					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1			1			
CO2	2	1		2	2	
CO3	3		2			

Assessment
The assessment is based on 2 in-semester examinations in the form of T1 (Test-1) and T2 (Test-2) of 20 marks each. Also there shall be 1 End-Sem examination (ESE) of 60 marks. T1 shall be typically on modules 1 and 2, T2 based typically on modules 3, 4 and ESE shall be on all modules with nearly 50% weightage on modules 1 to 4 and 50% weightage on modules 5, 6.

Assessment Plan based on Bloom's Taxonomy Level				
Bloom's Taxonomy Level	T1	T2	ESE	Total
Remember	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed	Not Allowed
Understand	5	5	10	20
Apply	10	5	15	30
Analyze	5	5	15	25
Evaluate		5	15	20
Create			5	5
Total	20	20	60	100